

GOTHIC CHEAT SHEET

DEFINITE ARTICLE / DEMONSTRATIVE

SING	NOM	EMPH.	ACC	EMPH.	GEN	EMPH.	DAT	EMPH.
MASC.	𐌸𐌹	𐌸𐌹h	𐌸𐌹𐌺𐌹	𐌸𐌹𐌺𐌹h	𐌸𐌺𐌸	𐌸𐌺𐌹h	𐌸𐌹𐌺𐌹𐌹	𐌸𐌹𐌺𐌹h
NEUT.	𐌸𐌹𐌲𐌹	𐌸𐌹𐌲𐌹h	𐌸𐌹𐌲𐌹	𐌸𐌹𐌲𐌹h	𐌸𐌺𐌸	𐌸𐌺𐌹h	𐌸𐌹𐌺𐌹𐌹	𐌸𐌹𐌺𐌹h
FEMI.	𐌸𐌺	𐌸𐌺h	𐌸𐌺	*𐌸𐌺h	𐌸𐌺𐌺𐌸	*𐌸𐌺𐌺h	𐌸𐌺𐌹	*𐌸𐌺𐌹h
MASC.	𐌸𐌹	𐌸𐌹h	𐌸𐌹𐌺𐌸	𐌸𐌹𐌺h	𐌸𐌺𐌺	*𐌸𐌺h	𐌸𐌹𐌺	*𐌸𐌹h
NEUT.	𐌸𐌺	*𐌸𐌺h	𐌸𐌺	𐌸𐌺h	𐌸𐌺𐌺	*𐌸𐌺h	𐌸𐌹𐌺	𐌸𐌹h
FEMI.	𐌸𐌺𐌸	*𐌸𐌺h	𐌸𐌺𐌸	*𐌸𐌺h	𐌸𐌺𐌺	*𐌸𐌺h	𐌸𐌹𐌺	*𐌸𐌹h
PLUR	NOM	EMPH.	ACC	EMPH.	GEN	EMPH.	DAT	EMPH.

To make a relative pronoun, "who"/"that", suffix -ei to the definite article.

Ex. "What he saw and heard, that he testify." 𐌸𐌹𐌲𐌹 𐌹𐌺𐌹𐌺 𐌸𐌹𐌲𐌹 𐌸𐌹𐌲𐌹𐌺𐌹𐌺𐌹𐌺 𐌸𐌹𐌲𐌹 𐌹𐌺𐌹𐌺𐌹𐌺𐌹𐌺

PERSONAL PRONOUNS

SING	NOM		ACC		GEN		DAT	
1ST	Īk	I	Mik	me	Mein𐌹	my	Mis	__ me
2ND	𐌸n	thou	𐌸nk	thee	𐌸ein𐌹	thy	𐌸ns	__ thee
3RD M	Īs	he	Īn𐌹	him	Īs	his	Īmm𐌹	__ him
3RD N	Īt𐌹	it	Īt𐌹	it	Īs	its	Īmm𐌹	__ it
3RD F	Si	she	Īq𐌹	her	Īz𐌺𐌸	her	Īz𐌹	__ her
DUAL								
1ST	𐌹it	we (two)	𐌺rkis	us (two)	*𐌺rk𐌹𐌹	our	𐌺rkis	__ us (two)
2ND	*𐌸nt	ye (two)	Īrguis	you (two)	Īrg𐌹𐌹𐌹	our	Īrguis	__ you (two)
PLURAL								
1ST	𐌹eis	we	𐌺ns / 𐌺nsis	us	𐌺ns𐌹𐌹	our	𐌺ns / 𐌺nsis	__ us
2ND	𐌸ns	ye	Īz𐌹is	you	Īz𐌹𐌹𐌹	your	Īz𐌹is	__ you
3RD M	𐌸is	they	Īns	them	Īze	their	Īm	__ them
3RD N	Īq𐌹	:	*Īq𐌹	:	*Īze	:	Īm	:
3RD F	*Īz𐌺𐌸	:	Īz𐌺𐌸	:	Īz𐌺	:	Īm	:

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POSSESSIVE PRONOUNS

	S NOM	S ACC	S GEN	S DAT	D NOM	D ACC	D GEN	D DAT	P NOM	P ACC	P GEN	P DAT
1ST M	MEINS	MEINANA	MEINIS	MEINAMMA	*NIGGAR	*NIGGARANA	*NIGGARIS	*NIGGARAMMA	INSA	INSAANA	INSAIS	INSAAMMA
1ST N	MEIN / MEINATA	MEINIS	MEINAMMA	*NIGGAR	*NIGGAR	*NIGGARIS	*NIGGARAMMA	INSA	INSA	INSAIS	INSAAMMA	
1ST F	MEINA	MEINA	MEINAIZOS	MEINAI	*NIGGAR	*NIGGAR	*NIGGARIZOS	*NIGGARAI	INSA	INSA	INSAIZOS	INSAAI
	S NOM	S ACC	S GEN	S DAT	D NOM	D ACC	D GEN	D DAT	P NOM	P ACC	P GEN	P DAT
2ND M	WEINS	WEINANA	WEINIS	WEINAMMA	*IGGAR	*IGGARANA	*IGGARIS	*IGGARAMMA	ISVA	ISVAANA	ISVAIS	ISVAAMMA
2ND N	*WEIN / *WEINATA	*WEINIS	*WEINAMMA	*IGGAR	*IGGAR	*IGGARIS	*IGGARAMMA	IZVA	IZVA	IZVAIS	IZVAAMMA	
2ND F	WEINA	WEINA	WEINAIZOS	WEINAI	IGGAR	*IGGAR	*IGGARIZOS	IGGARAI	IZVA	IZVA	IZVAIZOS	IZVAAI
	S NOM	S ACC	S GEN	S DAT	D NOM	D ACC	D GEN	D DAT	P NOM	P ACC	P GEN	P DAT
3RD M	—	SEINANA	SEINIS	SEINAMMA	—	—	—	—	—	SEINANS	SEINAIZE	SEINAIM
3RD N	—	SEIN / SEINATA	SEINIS	SEINAMMA	—	—	—	—	—	SEINA	SEINAIZE	SEINAIM
3RD F	—	SEINA	SEINAIZOS	SEINAI	—	—	—	—	—	SEINOS	SEINAIZO	SEINAIM

Spelling of *uggkis*, *uggkar*, *iggqis* a *s o* varies by omission of one gamma: *ugkis*, *ugkar*, *iggis*.
 Possessive pronouns are used when the subject possesses; else genitive of a personal pronoun is used.

WEAK INFLEXION WITH SILBA

STRONG INFLEXION WITH JAINS

SING	NOM	ACC	GEN	DAT	NOM	ACC	GEN	DAT
MASC	SILBA	SILBAN	SILBINS	SILBIN	GAINS	GAINANA	GAINIS	GAINAMMA
NEUT	SILBO	SILBO	SILBINS	SILBIN	*GAIN / GAINATA	GAINIS	GAINAMMA	
FEMI	SILBO	*SILBON	SILBONS	*SILBON	GAINA	GAINA	*GAINAIZOS	GAINAI
MASC	SILBANS	SILBANS	*SILBANE	SILBAM	GAINAI	GAINANS	GAINAIZE	GAINAIM
NEUT	*SILBONA	*SILBONA	*SILBANE	SILBAM	GAINA	*GAINA	GAINAIZE	GAINAIM
FEMI	*SILBONS	*SILBONS	*SILBONQ	*SILBQM	*GAINOS	*GAINOS	*GAINAIZO	*GAINAIM
PLUR	NOM	ACC	GEN	DAT	NOM	ACC	GEN	DAT

Adjectives are usually inflected weak when describing something definite and strong when indefinite. Silba (himself, itself, the aforementioned e t c) is always weak and jains (that,those) always strong.

VERBS WHOSE INFINITIVE END IN -AN

STEM-M-P, where M = mood suffix and P = personal suffix.

COMMON MOOD SUFFIXES

COMMON PERSONAL SUFFIXES

PRESENT
 indicative — none
 subjunctive — ai
 participle — ands
PRETERITE - THE STEM CHANGES !!
 indicative — u
 subjunctive — ei
 participle — ans or — þs
PASSIVE
 indicative — da
 subjunctive — dau

IK — a, none
PU — is
IS — iþ, none
YIT — os, — ya, none
***JUT** — ts
YEIS — am, — m, — ma
JUS — iþ, — þ
EIS — and, — n, — na

Elide till it sounds impressive!